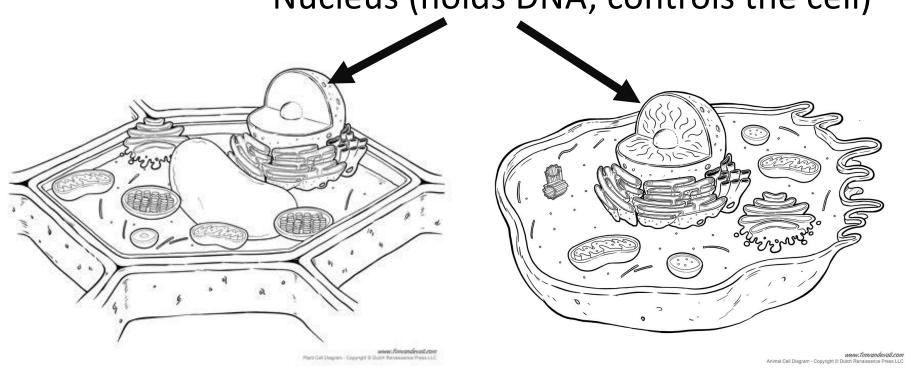
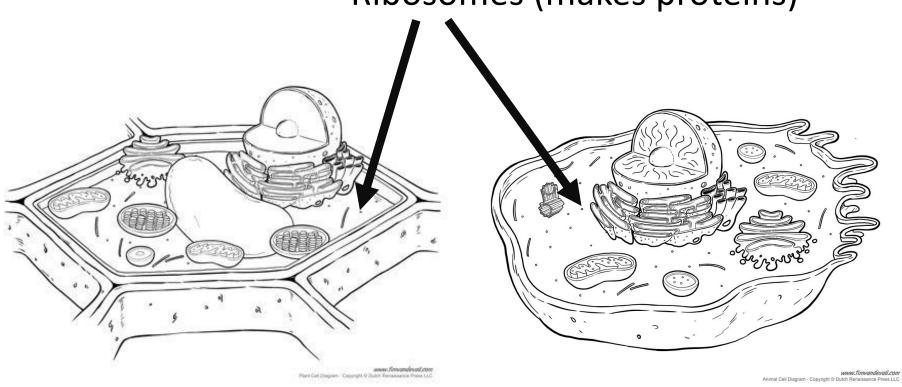
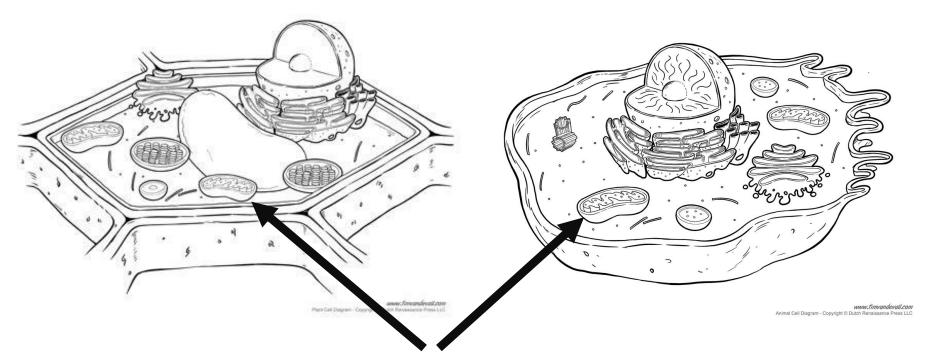
Nucleus (holds DNA; controls the cell)



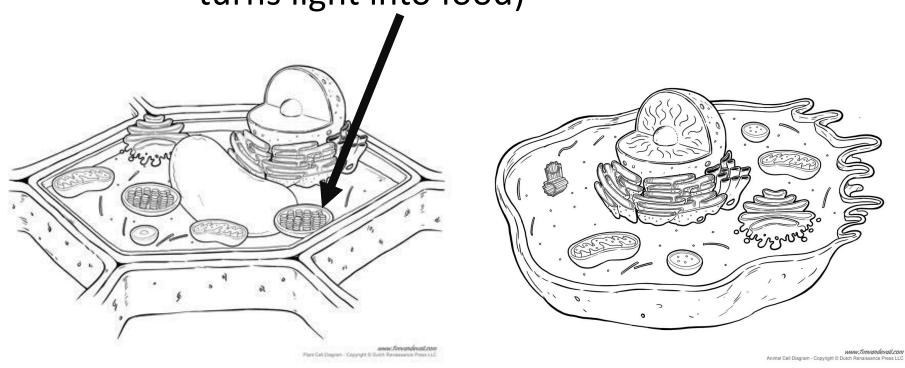
Ribosomes (makes proteins)



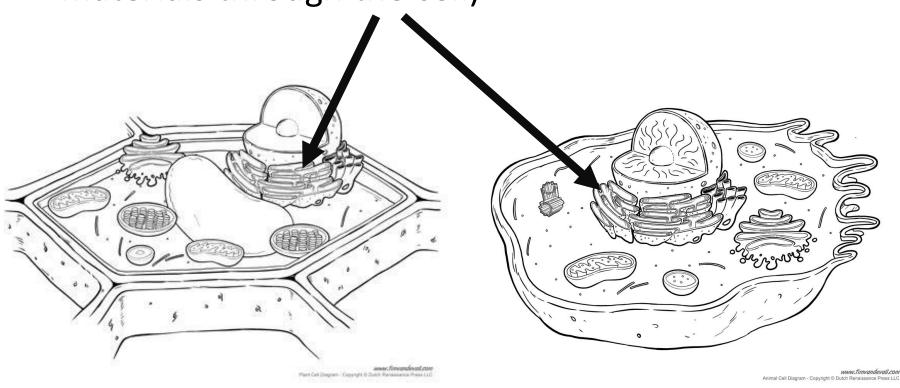


Mitochondria (turns food into useable energy for the cell)

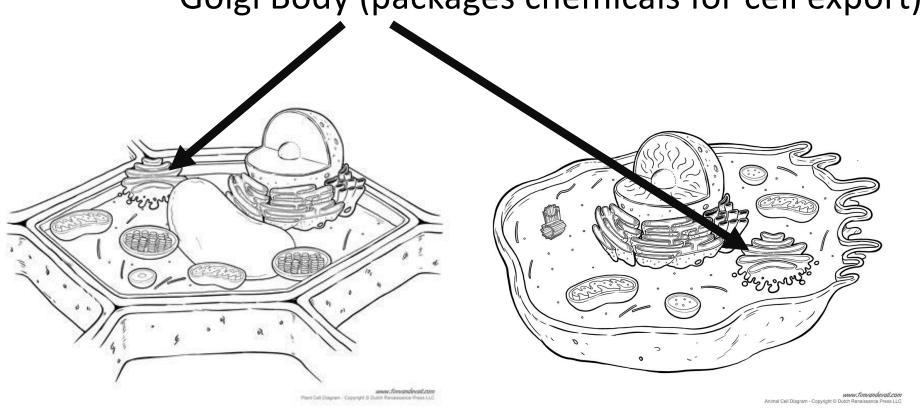
Chloroplast (site of photosynthesisturns light into food)



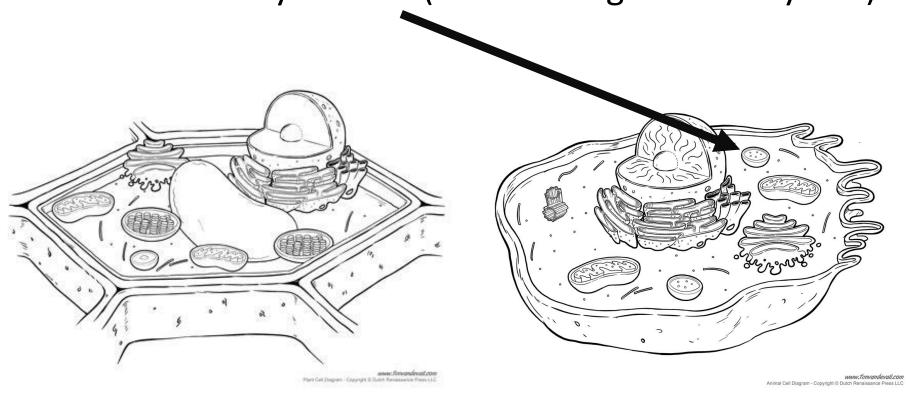
Endoplasmic Reticulum (makes and transports materials through the cell)



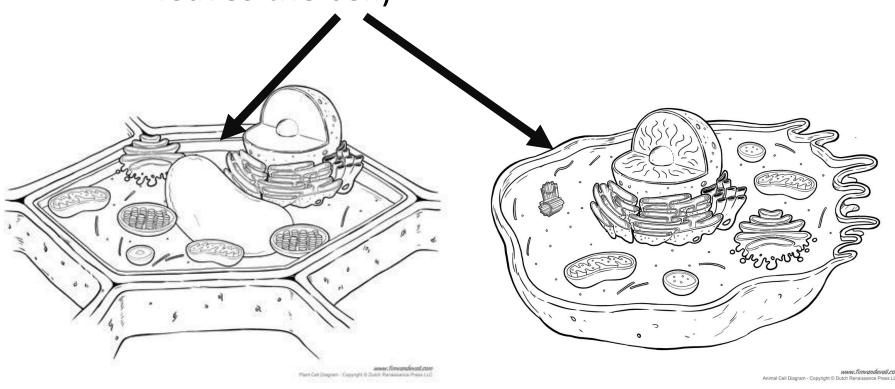
Golgi Body (packages chemicals for cell export)



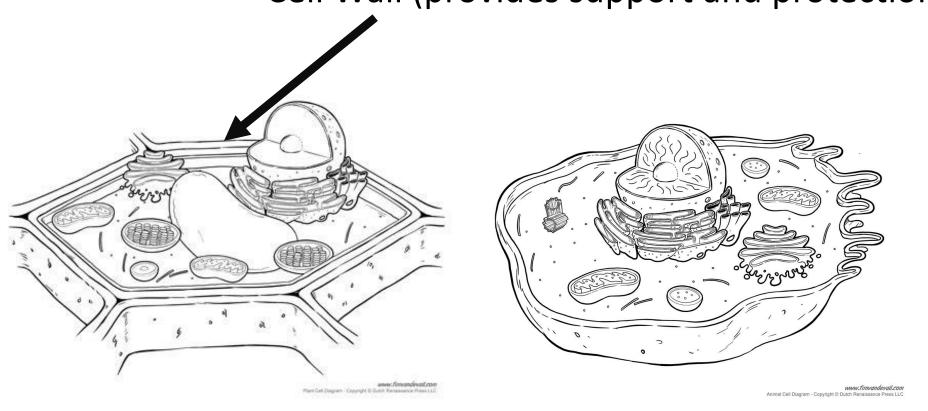
Lysosome (contains digestive enzymes)



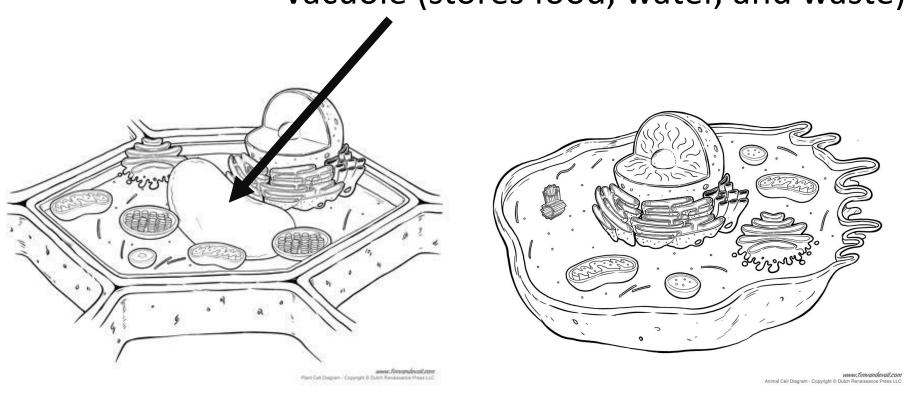
Cell Membrane (controls what enters and leaves the cell)



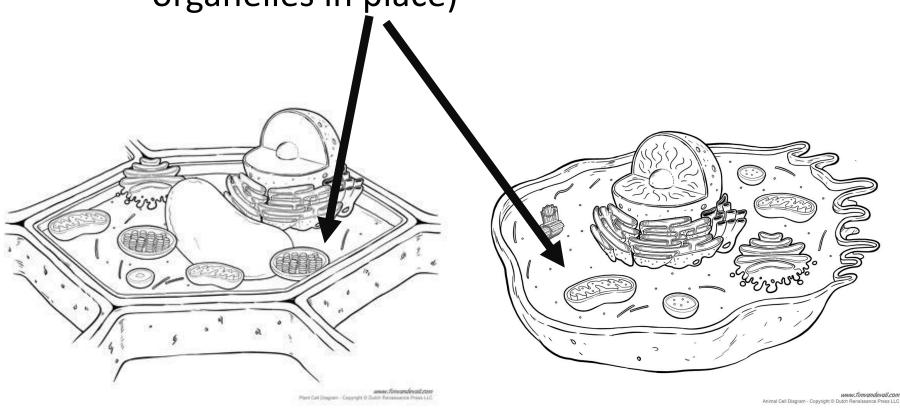
Cell Wall (provides support and protection)



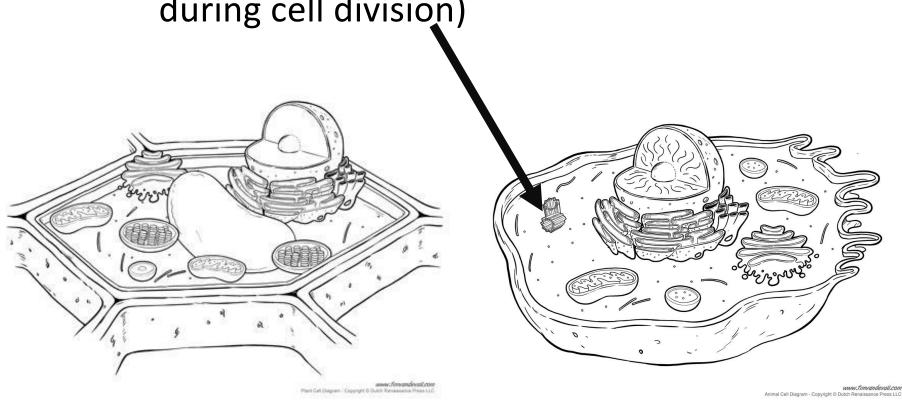
Vacuole (stores food, water, and waste)



Cytoplasm (jelly—like substance that holds organelles in place)



Centriole (controls chromosome movement during cell division)



Cytoskeleton (provides support and structure)

