ed to do
d). Whated on to
ny cells
its life

cycle in interphase or in mitosis/cytokinesis?

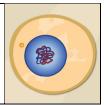


Activity A: Phases of the cell

cycle

Get the Gizmo ready:

- Click Reset (2).
- Select the DESCRIPTION tab.
- Click on the right arrow once so that Interphase is shown.



Question: What are the stages of the cell cycle?

Summarize: On the DESCRIPTION pane, read about each phase in the cell cycle. In the spaces below, sketch the cell in each phase and summarize what occurs in 10 words or less.

Phase	Sketch	Summary
Interphase		
Prophase		
Metaphase		
Anaphase		
Telophase		
Cytokinesis		



2.	<u>Analyz</u>	<u>e</u> : Use your summaries and the Gizmo to answer the following questions:
	A.	What are the 4 phases of mitosis?
	В.	During which phase do the chromosomes condense?
	C.	What is the relationship between a chromatid and a chromosome ?
	D.	In which phase are chromatids pulled apart?
	E.	What is the function of the centrioles ?
	F.	In which phase do nuclear membranes reform?
	G.	In what phase do chromosomes line up in the middle of the cell?
3.	Think	and discuss: After mitosis, how are the two daughter cells related to each other?
4.	Think	and discuss: How are the daughter cells related to the original mother cell?
5.		and discuss: Why is it important that the cell's DNA is duplicated before cell division hase)?
6.		and discuss: Why is it important for the cell to synthesize new organelles before cell n (in G2)?
7.		nge: Human cells have 46 chromosomes. At the end of cytokinesis, how many osomes will be found in each cell? Explain.



Activity B:

Duration of phases

Get the Gizmo ready:

• Click Reset.
• Select the TABLE tab.

Question: What is the relative duration of each phase of the cell cycle?

1. <u>Collect data</u>: Set the **Cycle Length** to 10 hours and click **Play**. Click **Pause** when the maximum number of cells has been reached. On the TABLE tab, click **Record data**.

Record the number of cells in each phase of the cell cycle in the table below. Then click **Play**, wait for a while, and click **Record data** again. Repeat this process until you have recorded four sets of results, and then find the average number of cells in each phase.

Trial	Interphase	Prophase	Metaphase	Anaphase	Telophase	Cytokinesis
1						
2						
3						
4						
Avg.			-		-	

Analyze: Which phase of the cell cycle is longest?	Shortest?
Explain your answers:	

- 3. <u>Calculate</u>: Use your data to estimate the duration of each phase of the cell cycle. For example, if 8% of cells were in prophase and the cell cycle was 10 hours long, then prophase would last 8% of 10 hours, or 48 minutes.
 - $0.08 \times 10 = 0.8 \text{ hours}$
 - 0.8 x 60 = 48 minutes

Interphase:

Use percentages to estimate the time of each phase of the cell cycle. Show your work.

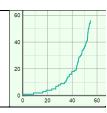
Prophase:	
Metaphase:	
Anaphase:	
Telophase:	
Cytokinesis:	



Extension: Cell populations Question: How quie

Get the Gizmo ready:

- Click Reset.
- Select the GRAPH tab.
- Set the Cycle Length to 5 hours.

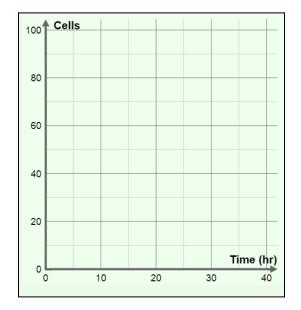


Question: How quickly do cells multiply?

 Collect data: Click Play to start a new simulation. Click Pause when the maximum number of cells is reached. View the total number of cells on the GRAPH tab. (Click the "-" button until the whole graph is visible.)

Draw a sketch of this graph here.

What is the general shape of the graph?



- 2. Analyze: Look closely at the graph.
 - B. How long did it take to grow form 1 to 20 cells?
 - C. How long did it take to grow from 80 to 100 cells?
 - D. Is the rate of cell growth is increasing or decreasing? Explain.

3. Extend your thinking: In living organisms, the cell cycle is closely regulated. What happens if cell division is *not* controlled?
